

ther to 12 mos., at some University, College or Incorporated School of Medicine, on Anatomy and Practical Anatomy, Surgery, Practice of Medicine, Midwifery, Chemistry, Materia Medica and Pharmacy, and the Institutes of Medicine or Physiology and a 3 mo's. course on Medical Jurisprudence; must attend the general practice of an hospital, with not less than 50 beds, and not less than 2 physicians or surgeons, for a period of 1 year, or 2 of 6 mos., and a 6 mos. or two 3 months' courses of Clinical Medicine and Clinical Surgery; and take his certificate or diploma at such school, &c., or pass an examination before the Board after attaining 21 years. The Board may, with the approval of the L. G. in C., change this curriculum. Persons already registered, and in practice, may be registered anew without examination or fee; and with respect to others already practicing, the Board may modify or dispense with a portion of these requisites. Persons who have been in practice since 1850, may be registered without further form. Surgeons in the army and navy, serving in the Province, may practice. Persons now studying, complying with the former law, and applying for license before 1st July, 1876, may be licensed and registered. Fee for students \$5; for practitioners \$10. The Board is to carry this Act into execution. Its examiners must be practitioners of 7 yrs. standing, and 3 yrs. residence in the Province. Any person's name is to be struck from the register who is dead, has left the Province without intention of returning or has ceased to practice for 5 yrs., but in the latter two cases may be restored. A person shall not be refused registration because he adopts, or refuses to adopt, any particular theory of medicine or surgery, and may appeal to the L. G. in C. against a refusal by the Registrar and Board. After 1st May, 1872, no person not registered can recover fees as a practitioner in any Court; and no such person shall be appointed as a medical officer, physician or surgeon, in any branch of the public service, or hospital or charitable institution. The medical certificate of such person is not valid in law. He is liable to a fine of \$20 if he practice for gain,—the proof of qualification to lie upon accused. Fines may be sued for by the Board or any member, and if the informant be a medical man, the money goes to the Board; if not, he receives one half. The Registrar, for any falsification of his book, a person attempting to procure registration under false pretences, or one falsely pretending to be registered, is liable to a penalty of \$100. Prosecution must be brought within 1 yr. Women may practice midwifery, but not in Halifax till after obtaining a certificate of competency. The Board holds an annual meeting to appoint examiners, and transact other necessary business at Halifax, but may also hold other meetings.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS.

Cap. 32—Provides for the incorporation of these bodies by filing a declaration, with by-laws, &c., with the County Registrar and taking out a certificate. Any 10 persons with \$100 subscription in money or books, &c., may be so incorporated, as well as existing associations. In towns of over 3,000 inhabitants they may hold real property of \$2,000 annual value, in towns or villages of less population \$1,000, in other places \$400.

SUPPLIES.

Cap. 33—Grants \$578,946 to His Honour the L. G. for the public service of the year. \$180,000 being for education, \$170,000 for roads and bridges, \$30,000 expenses of Crown Lands Dept., \$35,000 for legislation and \$13,346 for steamboats, packets and ferries.

LOCAL ACTS.

Cap. 34—In HALIFAX one alderman from each ward is to be elected to form a Board of Comrs. to have control of the Water Works, streets, sewers, &c., under authority of the council. They elect a chairman, subject to approval of Council. The Council are to appoint their employees and fix and pay their salaries; also a City Engineer. The present duties of Comrs. of Water Supply, the Committee of Streets, Internal Health Committee and Committee of City Property are vested in these Comrs.

Cap. 35—The CITY COUNCIL OF HALIFAX shall have full control of the police. A member of a volunteer corps cannot, on that account, vote. Assessments are to be levied and salaries paid in Canadian currency.

Cap. 36—The City of Halifax may raise \$12,000 by loan for the erection of engine houses, over and above the \$11,000 already authorized. Debentures, with coupons for interest attached, may be issued for the loan to those who tender for it after advertisement, at the lowest rate of interest, or may be sold to the highest bidder at auction. The principal to paid in 10 yrs. or at any time after 3, on giving 6 mos. notice.

Cap. 37—Authorizes the city to raise \$20,000 at 6 p. c. to pay off the floating debt of the city.

Cap. 38—Permits the City Council to raise \$2,550 to pay off the balance due on the Poors' Asylum and Hospital, upon debentures, to be disposed of at current rates, and pay it over from time to time, as needed, to the Comrs.

Cap. 39—The city may borrow \$5,000 at 6 p. c. to repair the Fish Market, and its slips and the ferry slips. Debentures to be payable in 10 years, or after 5, at the option of the city.

Cap. 40—Authorizes the TRUSTEES OF DARMOUTH COMMON to sell a portion of it along the main road through it.

Cap. 41—The GENERAL SESSIONS IN VICTORIA are to be held in January instead of March. The September sessions as before.

Cap. 42—The Sessions of Cape Breton may assess the TOWN OF SYDNEY \$400 per an. to be paid to any person lighting the streets with gas.

Cap. 43—The members for INVERNESS may borrow \$4,000 on credit of the road moneys, to be expended on certain roads and bridges by Comrs. appointed by the L. G. in C., and repaid with interest out of road moneys of 1873, 1874 and 1875.

Cap. 44—"TURK SETTLEMENT," in Inverness, shall hereafter be known as Glencoe.

Cap. 45—Creates a new Poors' District in